New Helvetia Time Line

New Helvetia was located at Alhambra between I and J... the current site of Sutter Middle School.

1839-1849 Burials within grounds outside Sutter's Fort.
1845 First interment in Sutter Fort Burying Ground.
1849 Sutter's Burial Ground dedicated. Burials shallow, marked by wooden boards.
1849 Capt. John A. Sutter donated ten acres of land.
1850 Twenty acres in size, renamed New Helvetia Cemetery. Flooded in January, no
burials until summer when Mayor Bigelow and Sheriff McKinney were buried.
1850-1857 No burials due to recurrent floodingburials mainly at City Cemetery.
1856 (Jan.) Effort to have bodies moved to City Cemetery.
1856 (Oct.) Title changed from estate of Frierson to Dr. R.H. McDonald (\$900 for ten acre
lot) and became active cemetery again.
1857 Purchased by J.W. Reeves, an undertaker. After his death owned by Mrs. Reeves
and maintained by her father, Mr. Mellon, as superintendent.
1875 (Oct.) City took title after an agreement with the Reeves family on maintenance of
the family tomb.
1912Grounds closed to burial.
1916 Converted into a park as showed 'great neglect.' Many bodies removed
including 1000 Chinese returned to their native land. Most monuments
replaced by flat grave markers.
, , ,
1954Offered to school district by City Council as a site for Sutter Middle School.
1955 (Oct. 12) - 1956 (Mar. 27)5 ,235 bodies exhumed.
1989 Monument erected and dedication by Old City Cemetery Committee and East
Lawn Memorial Parks & Mortuaries.
1990 Monument erected by Japanese Community for the more than 600 Japanese moved.
1995 Monument to Sheriff McKinney by the Sacramento Sheriff's Department.
1999 Monument to Dr. Benjamin F. Pendery by Sacramento–El Dorado Medical Society.
2003 Monument to indigents erected by the Sacramento County Cemetery Advisory

Reburial of Early Settlers

4,691 sent to East Lawn Memorial Park and buried in a common grave **410** to City Cemetery

Commission.

84 to East Lawn and buried in private plots by relatives
32 to Odd Fellows Cemetery, 1 to Masonic Cemetery
2 to St. Mary's, 3 to St. Joseph's
6 to Sacramento Memorial Lawn, 3 to Sylvan Cemetery

6 to Sacramento Memorial Lawn, **3** to Sylvan Cemetery **3** to Elk Grove Cemetery



Some Former Occupants of New Helvetia Cemetery

Marion Biggs - Assemblyman for Sacramento and Butte Counties, US Congressman for CA, town of Biggs named after him.

Hardin Bigelow – first mayor of Sacramento, injured in Squatter's Riots in 1850 and subsequently died of cholera (now at City Cemetery with monument).

*Major Cloud – paymaster for the U.S. Army, buried in the first grave.

*Dr. W.B. Gildes - buried in 1846.

Phillipina Keseberg – wife of Louis Keseberg, both members of the Donner Party (moved to City Cemetery with no marker, but one erected later by family).

*James McDowell – shot and killed in Washington, located across the Sacramento river.

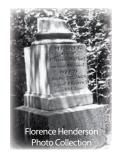
*Sheriff McKinney – killed in Squatters Riots, August 15, 1850.

*Dr. Benjamin F Pendery – prominent Sacramento physician, died 1905.

J.W. Reeves and family – owner of New Helvetia for 20 years (moved to City Cemetery with no marker or monument).

Sue Robinson – a famous actress and dancer who died at age 26 in 1871.

*Denotes those most likely moved to East Lawn Memorial Park.



Sacramento County
Cemetery Advisory Commission
cemeterycommission@saccounty.net
or (916) 874-9103

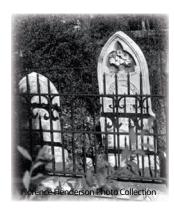
www.coroner.saccounty.net/sccac/Pages/default.aspx

Photos from the Center for Sacramento History



The Forgotten Pioneers

"The soil in the cemetery is of superior quality, and lots there are adorned and beautified at much less labor and expense than in the City Cemetery... this city of the dead is laid out with avenues and walks and handsomely decorated with trees, shrubs, evergreens and flowers now in full bloom and beauty."
- Sacramento Union, January 8, 1872



So was the New Helvetia Cemetery in the 1870's... twenty acres in size at its prime. Though it was dedicated in 1849 as Sutter's Burial Ground, burials preceded this

date and were often shallow and marked with a wooden board. In fact, this is likely the area where burials were even before 1845, at which time it was considered the Sutter's Fort Burying Ground. This land was considered to be within the grounds of Sutter's Fort, but outside of the fort proper. The land was unfortunately subject to periodic flooding and there were no burials from late 1850-1857.

In January 1856, an unsuccessful effort was made to have the bodies removed to the City Cemetery and one gentleman, owning real estate in that vicinity, offered to take upon himself half the expense of the undertaking. The ten acres was sold in October 1856 to Dr. R. H. McDonald for

\$900. It was called the Union Cemetery for a short period in January 1857. It then began to be used as a cemetery again, lots selling for \$80 (\$30 more than at the City Cemetery).

John Wesley Reeves, an undertaker, purchased the cemetery in 1857 and his family ran it



until 1875, when the City of Sacramento took title, agreeing to maintain the Reeves family tomb. This tomb, the resting place of J. W. Reeves, his first wife and five children, was oval with a marble tombstone, 11 feet deep and entered by a flight of ten marble steps.

The cemetery was closed to burials in 1912 and four years later converted into a park, as it showed 'great neglect.' This was accomplished by leveling the raised plots and the removal of most of the monuments, many hand carved, and replacing them with flat concrete markers. The remains of over 1000 Chinese were sent back to their homeland at this time.

In 1952, consideration was given to disposal of the property. The City Manager stated that the City had no legal right to dispose of the New Helvetia Cemetery property if there were objections from relatives, but it



appeared that the School District and others were not in agreement with his opinion. Eventually permission was granted and plans to remove the suspected 1000-2000 bodies (only 200 of which they felt could be identified) began in 1954, with the removal occurring from October 12,1955 to March 27,1956, when 5,235 bodies were finally exhumed.

The research was incomplete. Such an extensive project had not occurred previously. Minimal guidelines were available, and the budget, based on the original estimate of number of burials, was inadequate. As more and more bodies were located, the removal fees were renegotiated and it is likely the removal



technique became less refined. 4,691 remains moved to East Lawn Memorial Park were considered 'unknown.' There are various sets of records containing thousands of names, so we do have

documentation of many who were buried there. It is possible that there were some areas of unidentified burials from epidemics. 410 identified remains were buried at the City Cemetery. Remains buried at other cemeteries had been identified or claimed by their families.

Despite the fact that the City Attorney commented that every person who had a marker at New Helvetia would be provided one after removal, not one memorial was erected at East Lawn Memorial Park or the City Cemetery for these 5,101 early Sacramentans. Over the past decades, numerous grave markers have



been found and over 100 have been placed at East Lawn Memorial Park. Hundreds more are still possibly lining yards and driveways. The only original hand-carved monument known to exist is the Bonetti marble headstone located at the City Cemetery.

In 1988, the Old City Cemetery Committee became aware of these forgotten pioneers and, with support and a financial donation from East Lawn, corner walls and a monument were erected and dedicated. In 1990, the Japanese Community – and the Sacramento Sheriff's Department in 1995 – erected memorials. In 1999, the Sacramento-El Dorado Medical Society dedicated a monument. Subsequently, St. Andrews African Methodist Episcopal Church placed a monument in memory of Daniel Blue. In addition, the Sacramento **County Cemetery Advisory Commission** dedicated a memorial to the indigents that were buried at New Helvetia. Future plans include the continuation of research and the computerization of records and an eventual web site database.



Sacramento County Cemetery Advisory
Commission and the Old City Cemetery Committee
greatly appreciate the tremendous and ongoing
support by East Lawn Memorial Parks for
the New Helvetia Memorial Project